

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/582,183	06/08/2006	Kozo Shimokawa	60883-8003.US01	8927
22918 PERKINS CO	7590 08/17/200 IE L LP	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 120	8	CHACKO, SUNIL		
SEATTLE, W	A 98111-1208		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2625	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/17/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/582,183	SHIMOKAWA ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
SUNIL CHACKO	2625		

	SUNIL CHACKO	2625					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 04 August 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.					
<ol> <li>M The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must limely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appendor for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:</li> </ol>	eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavi	t, or other evidence, v with 37 CFR 41.31; o	hich places the (3) a Request				
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.						
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la	d for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.  Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b), ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO						
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(1	D). ONLY CHECK BOX (D) WHEN THE	FIRST REPLY WAS FI	LED WITHIN TWO				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the s set forth in (b) above, it checked. Any reply received by the Office lated may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropri- nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as				
NOTICE OF APPEAL							
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the Notice of Appeal has been filed.</li> </ol>	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the					
AMENDMENTS							
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, t</li> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further cor</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belown)</li> <li>(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better</li> </ol>	sideration and/or search (see NOT v);	E below);					
appeal; and/or			ie issues ioi				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	11 See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mnliant Amendment (	PTOL-324)				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		inpliant / tinonamont (	TOL OLT,				
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the				
<ol> <li>For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:</li> </ol>		l be entered and an e	xplanation of				
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:							
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>							
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing- entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail	s to provide a				
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
11. X The request for reconsideration has been considered but	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
See Continuation Sheet.  12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s), (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).							
13. Other:	1 10/05/00/1 apar NO(a).						
/Benny Q Tieu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2625	/SUNIL CHACKO/ Examiner, Art Unit 2625						

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues on page 7-8 of Response to Final Office Action, regarding dains 1-2 that Weichmann in view of Endo in further view of Shirishin fails to teach "performing the elongation/contraction correction in the direction in which the printing medium is to be elongated or contracted, by changing the position of the image type data and the shape of the image type data." Examiner respectfully disagrees, Weichmann et al, teaches the preparation of print data, before it is sent to the print press, see abstract. Weichmann however does not teach the correction of elongation/contraction caused by the movement of the printing medium. Examiner relies on Endo et al, for this feature. Endo et al. teaches that that correction for the stretch amount is stored and applied to print data, see abstract. Combining Weichmann et al. in view of et al. and in their view of Shiraishi provides a method of creating printing data that would correct for stretch along with other errors. The image data information taught by Weichmann and the stretch correction taught by Yeicho would be combined to produce image data that would be sent to the printing press. Examiner also notes that the trapezoidal correction taught by Endo is used to correct for fan-out errors, See column 5 lines 10-15.

Applicant argues on page 9 regarding claims 5 that Endo et al in view of Weichmann in further view of Shiriahi falls to teach "wherein the instructions to create the print data for the print images includes: instructions to determine deformation information of a print image downstream from the print image during printing of the downstream print image in the printing device, the deformation information indicating an amount of elongation or contraction correction to be applied to the printing medium in a direction the printing edurin is to be elongated or contracted. \*Examiner respectfully disagrees Endo teaches amount of elongation or contraction is applied before the actually printing of the print job, this reads on downstream. The error correction information is gathered during another print job, information is gathered during another print job, the information is gathered from the stretch that happens during that job. See column 7 lines 37-48. This information is then used to create print data for the next job, see column 8 lines 50-55.

Applicant also argues on page 9 regarding claim 5 that Endo et al in view of Weichmann in further view of Shiraishi fialis to beach "instructions to adjust one or more of the position and the shape of the pint image without performing mechanical positions or shape corrections in the printing device including correcting the image type data of the print image by changing the position of the image bye data in the nint image and the shape of the image type data in the print image based on corresponding position data and the deformation information of the downstream print image. Examiner respectfully disagrees, Endo et al teaches a method of creating print data that corrects for fan-out errors by using previous print jobs to predict the stretch, this correction would change the solid ondate of the original image, See column 7 lines 37-48. The stretch correction would not be corrected by shape or mechanical positions of the print device since the corrections are already stored in the printing data for the next print it obsect ocumn 3 lines 50-55.

Applicant argues on page 9 regarding claim 6 that Endo et al in view of Weichmann in further view of Shiraish falls to teach "wherein the instructions for creating the print data include: instructions for determine deformation information on an amount of elongation or contraction in a direction in which the printing medium is to be elongated or contracted based on a previously printly dearges, while the previously printed print image is being printed to the printing medium using a plurality of plates. Examiner respectively dearges, and the correction errors are obtained by the analysis a previous printing job. See column 7 lines 37-48. Endo fails to teach a plurality of printing plates is used, so the examiner relies on Shiraishi, see column 1 lines 9-13.

Applicant also argues on page 9 and 10 regarding claim 6 that Endo et al in view of Weichmann in further view of Shiraishi falls to teach "instructions to adjust one or more of the position and the shape of the pint image without performing mechanical position or shape correction in the printing device including correcting the image type data of the print image in terms of elongation or contraction in the direction in which the printing medium is to be elongated or contracted by changing the position of the image by data and the abape of the image type data based on corresponding position data and the deformation information of the previously printed print image; and the instruction to generate the print data for the print image subjected to the elongation or contraction correction; marriner respectfully disagrees, Endo et al teaches a method of creating print data that corrects for fan-out by using previous print jobs to predict the stretch, this correction would change the position date of the original image, See column 7 lines 37-48. Welchmann et al, checkes the preparation of print data, before it is sent to the print press, see abstract. The image data information taught by Welchmann and the stretch correction taught by Endo would be combined to produce image data that would be sent to the printing press.

Applicant argues on page 10 regarding claim 7 that Endo et al in view of Weichmann in further view of Shiriashi fails to teach "wherein creating the print data for the print image includes: determining deformation of a print image downstream from the print image during printing of the downstream print image, the deformation information including an amount of elongation or contraction correction to be applied to the printing medium in a direction the printing medium is to be elongated or contracted. "And "adjusting one or more of the position and the shape of the print image without performing mechanical position or shape correction in the printing device including correcting the image type data of the print image by changing the position of the image type data and the shape of the image type data based on the deformation information of the downstream print image; and generating the print data for the print image based on the corrected image type data to match print positions of the print image with corresponding print positions of the downstream print image. Examiner respectfully disagrees Endo et all etaches a method of creating print data that corrects for fan-out by using previous print jobs to predict the stretch, this correction would change the position data of the original image, See column 7 lines 37-48. Weichmann et al, teaches the preparation of print data, before it is sent to the print press, see abstract. The image data information taught by Weichmann and the stretch correction taught by Endo would be combined to produce image data that would be sent to the printing press. Therefore no correction would take alone by the mechanical or shape correction would take older by the mechanical or shape correction would have the mechanical or shape correction of the crimina device.